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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	E FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.		CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/879,572	06/12/2001	Arlene I. Ramsingh	0189-2001	4742	
75	90 12/04/2002				
Ronald D'Alessandro, Esq. Hoffman, Warnick & D'Alessandro, LLC Three E-Comm Square			EXAMINER		
			WORTMAN, DONNA C		
Albany, NY 12	2207		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1648	1/6	
			DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002	14	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		09/879,572		RAMSINGH ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Donna C. Wortn		1648				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SH THE I - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLANAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statue eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, how ply within the statutory mid will apply and will expire tte, cause the application	vever, may a reply be tim nimum of thirty (30) day: SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this commul D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30	Santambar 2002						
1)⊠ 2a)⊟		-						
3)□								
Dispositi	on of Claims	A parto quajro	,, .					
4)⊠	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-53</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 2,19 and 37-53 is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6) Claim(s) <u>1,3-18 and 30-36</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) <u>1-53</u> are subject to restriction and/or	r election requiren	nent.					
	on Papers							
<u> </u>	The specification is objected to by the Examin							
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		-					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t		N. /					
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on			oved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
•	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
_	inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
,	13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachmen	~	- process						
1) 🔀 Notic 2) 🔲 Notic	te of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)		r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-15				

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Applicant's election of Group VI, claims 18, 20-23, 28, and 29, insofar as drawn to a nucleic acid encoding the genome of a recombinant coxsackievirus CB4-P and a heterologous polypeptide expressed as an amino-terminal fusion of the viral polyprotein in Paper No. 13 is acknowledged. As previously agreed, claims 1, 3-6, and 13-17, Group III, insofar as drawn to recombinant attenuated CB4-P virions in which a heterologous polypeptide is expressed as an amino-terminal fusion of the viral polyprotein, are rejoined with the elected Group VI claims. On further consideration, Groups II and V are also rejoined. Accordingly, claims 1, 3-18, and 20-36 are under examination, corresponding to Groups II, III, V, and VI are pending and under examination.

Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement with respect to the remaining groups, the election of Groups II, III, V, and VI, now treated as a single invention, has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)) with respect to those groups.

Applicant has also noted that the allowance of any of the virus or nucleic acid products would result in the allowance of the corresponding method groups. In this regard, Applicant's attention is hereby directed to the following citation of M.P.E.P. §821.04 regarding the restriction of claims to a product and processes of using the product and rejoinder:

Where product and process claims drawn to independent and distinct inventions are presented in the same application, applicant may be called upon under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect claims to either the product or process. See MPEP § 806.05(f) and § 806.05(h). The claims to the nonelected invention will be withdrawn from further consideration under 37 CFR 1.142. See MPEP § 809.02© and § 821 through § 821.03. However, if applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims which depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined.

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Where product and process claims are presented in a single application and that application qualifies under the transitional restriction practice pursuant to 37 CFR 1.129(b), applicant may either (1) elect the invention to be searched and examined and pay the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(s) and have the additional inventions searched and examined under 37 CFR 1.129(b)(2), or (2) elect the invention to be searched and examined and not pay the additional fee (37 CFR 1.129(b)(3)). Where no additional fee is paid, if the elected invention is directed to the product and the claims directed to the product are subsequently found patentable, process claims which either depend from or include all the limitations of the allowable product will be rejoined. If applicant chooses to pay the fees to have the additional inventions searched and examined pursuant to 37 CFR 1.129(b)(2), even if the product is found allowable, applicant would not be entitled to a refund of the fees paid under 37 CFR 1.129(b) by arguing that the process claims could have been rejoined. 37 CFR 1.26 states that "[m]oney paid by actual mistake or in excess will be refunded, but a mere change of purpose after the payment of money...will not entitle a party to demand such a return..." The fees paid under 37 CFR 1.129(b) were not paid by actual mistake nor paid in excess, therefore, applicant would not be entitled to a refund.

In the event of rejoinder, the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104 - 1.106. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. If the application containing the rejoined claims is not in condition for allowance, the subsequent Office action may be made final, or, if the application was already under final rejection, the next Office action may be an advisory action.

The following is a citation from paragraph five, "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. §103(b)" (1184 TMOG 86(March 26, 1996)):

"However, in the case of an elected product claim, rejoinder will be permitted when a product claim is found allowable and the withdrawn process claim **depends from or otherwise includes all the limitations of** an allowed product claim. Withdrawn process claims not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined." (emphasis added)

In accordance with M.P.E.P. §821.04 and In re Ochiai, 71 F.3d 1565, 37 USPQ 1127 (Fed. Cir. 1995), rejoinder of product claims with process claims commensurate in scope with the allowed product claims will occur following a finding that the product claims are allowable. Until such time, a restriction between product claims and process claims is deemed proper. Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to maintain either dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

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Claims 1, 3-18, and 20-36 are under examination insofar as drawn to the elected invention. Claims 2, 19, and 37-53 are withdrawn from consideration as drawn to non-elected inventions.

Claims 16 and 29 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim.

Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 16 recites "... inserted directly after the first codon of the viral polyprotein" which does not further limit, and appears to contradict, claim 13 which recites "... inserted ... directly upstream of sequences which encode VP4." Similarly, claim 29 recites "... inserted directly after the first codon encoding VP4" which does not further limit, and appears to contradict, claim 28, which recites "... inserted ... directly upstream of sequences which encode VP4."

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 17 is indefinite in reciting "the insert is about 60 nt to about 360 nt"; it is not clear whether the cited material intends a size limitation or a location in the genome.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the

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art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3-18 and 20-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Halim et al. (AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses 16(15):1551-1558, 2000), cited on PTO 1449. Halim et al. disclose recombinant CB4-P that express HIV sequences within the VP1 capsid protein and at the amino terminus of the viral polyprotein, thus anticipating the claimed subject matter.

Claims 1, 3-12, 18, 20-27 and 30-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Halim et al. (Vaccine 19:958-965, 2001), cited on PTO 1449, and in the instant specification at page 60. Halim et al. disclose recombinant CB4-P that express ovalbumin amino acids within the VP1 capsid proteins, thus anticipating the claimed subject matter.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 3-6,13-18, 20-23, 28, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tracy et al., WO 98/39426, cited on PTO 892, attached. Tracy et al. disclose coxsackievirus B serotypes 1-6 (page 1, lines 18-19), and attenuated coxsackievirus vectors for the delivery of nucleic acids encoding antigenic or therapeutic products, where heterologous nucleic acids may be inserted, for example, between a coding sequence for a capsid protein and a coding sequence for viral protease, or at the start of the genome's open reading frame or at other locations. While the actual examples presented by Tracy et al. involve coxsackievirus B3, the reference discloses at page 14, line 31-page 15, line 34, for example, that because of the high level of organizational similarity among the coxsackieviruses, any of the coxsackievirus B serotypes or other coxsackieviruses can be attenuated and modified for use as expression vectors for heterologous nucleic acids in the same manner as otherwise taught by Tracy et al. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make a recombinant attenuated coxsackievirus B4

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with an inserted heterologous nucleic acid, including an inserted heterologous nucleic acid at the start of the genome's reading frame, i.e., at the start of the sequence that encodes VP4, because Tracy et al. teach that, because of the high degree of similarity among the coxsackievirus serotypes, any coxsackievirus B would be expected to provide equivalent results as an expression vector.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US Patent 6,323,024 to Tracy et al. is the US equivalent of WO 98/39426.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donna C. Wortman, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 703-308-1032. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 7:30-5:00 and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel can be reached on 703-308-4027. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-872-9307 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0196.

Donna C. Wortman, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1648

dcw

December 3, 2002